

JIROUT, J.

Correlation of dynamic disorders of the cervical spine in the sagittal and frontal planes. Cesk. neurol., 27 no.5: 296-298 S '64.

Pneumographic demonstration of normal and pathologic arachnoid structures in the spinal canal. Ibid., 308-313

1. Neurologická klinika fakulty všeobecného lékařství Karlovy University v Praze, (prednosta akademik K. Henner).

JIROUT, J.

Roentgen diagnosis of diskopathy. Cesk. radiol. 19 no.1:67-72  
Ja '65

1. Neurologická klinika fakulty všeobecného lékařství Karlovy  
University v Praze (prednostas: akademik K. Henner).

KVICALA, V.; JIROUT, J.

Phlebographic changes in carcinomatous metastases of the vertebrae.  
Cesk. radiol. 19 no.3:147-152 My '65

1. Neurologická klinika fakulty všeobecného lékařství Karlovy  
University v Praze (prednosta: akademik K. Henner).

SIROU, J.

Motility of the spinal cord under pathological conditions.  
Cesk. neurol. 28 no.3:159-161 Sp 1965.

1. Neurologická klinika fakulty všeobecné lékařství, Karlovy University v Praze, (prednosta: akademik K. Sedláček).

L 12827-66

ACC NR: AP6005703

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AUTHOR: Jirout, J.

ORG: Neurological Clinic, Faculty of General Medicine, Charles University, Prague  
(Neurologická klinika fakulty všeobecného lékařství KU)

15  
B

TITLE: Mobility of the spinal cord under pathological conditions

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska neurologie, no. 3, 1965, 159-161

TOPIC TAGS: central nervous system, pathology, neurology

ABSTRACT: The author measured the ventrodorsal movement of the spinal chord under normal conditions; his pneumographic studies published previously proved the existence of this movement caused by the patient changing his position. The results allow evaluation of mobility changes in pathological cases. Pathologically increased mobility is rare, therefore clinical interest is concerned mainly with restricted mobility. Importance of mobility examination in developmental anomalies, arachnoid adhesions, disc hernias and tumors is discussed. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 010

Card 1/1 HW

JIROUT, J.

Pneumographic diagnosis of spinal atrophy. Cesk. neurol. 29 no.1:  
12-19 Ja '66.

1. Neurologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy  
University v Praze (prednosta akad. K. Henner).

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

KRAUSOVA, - KUNAJEVA, L.; JIROUT, J.; Neurological Clinic, Faculty of General Medicine, ~~CHARLES~~ University (Neurologická Klinika Fak. Vseob. Lek. KU), Prague, Chief (Prednosta) Member of Academy K. HENNER.

"Cinematographic Examination of the Dynamics of the Cervical Spine."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Neurologie, Vol 29, No 6, Nov 66, pp 417 - 418

Abstract [Authors' English summary modified]: Cinematographic examination of the movements of the cervical spine in 60 patients showed that the dynamics of each segment are better analyzed by this method than by photographs. It showed that in cases of hypermobility the total pathological shift occurs in a given phase without a transition. The flexion starts in the upper segments by active muscular contraction, and in later stages the relation between individual vertebrae is determined by the state of the ligaments. No references. (Manuscript received 20 Jul 65).

1/1

KRAUSOVA, I.; JIROUT, J.

Pneumographic picture of subtentorial arachnoid spaces in the normal state and in expansive processes. Cesk. neurol. 26 no.6:366-370 N°63.

1. Neurologická klinika fakulty všeobecného lékařství KU v Praze, přednosta akademik K.Henner.

\*

BLAZEK, K. MUDr.; JIROUT, K., MUDr.

On the principles of biochemical screening of infectious hepatitis. Cesk. zdrav. 12 no.12:609-612 D ' 64.

I. II. Interni klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi  
Karlovy University, Praha , a Ustredni laborator Obvodniho  
ustavu narodniho zdravi, Benesov.

HARTMAN, J.; LODIN, Z.; PILNY, J.; JIROUT, M.

A prototype of the Czechoslovak cytophotometer. Jemna mech opt 8  
no.3:87-88 Mr '63.

1. Fyziologicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha a Vyzkumny  
ustav zvukove techniky Presna mechanika, Brno.

JIRASEK, Josef; JIROUT, Stanislav

On the problem of gonad screening from ionizing radiation during radiography of the hip joints. Cesk.rentg. 14 no.5:329-332 O '60.

1. Ustredni rentgenove oddeleni Krajske nemocnice v Pardubicich,  
prednosta MUDr. Fr. Prochazka,  
(RADIATION PROTECTION)  
(HIP radiography)

JIROUTEK, J.

Epidemic of infectious jaundice in Kladno district. Cas. lek. ceak. 92  
no.41-42:1128-1130 16 Oct 1953. (CJML 25:4)

KUSAK, Vlastimil, MUDr.; JIROVA, Miloslava, MUDr.

Considerations on medical services to workers of small plants  
by a city regional physician. Cesk. zdravot. 4 no.7:409-410  
July 56.

1. Ministerstvo statni kontroly.

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE,

med. serv. in small plants by city regional physicians (Cz))

ALTMANN, V.; JIROVA, M.

A clinical study of the screening value of abrography. Cas.lek.  
cesk 100 no.32/33:1029-1032 18 Ag '61.

1. Klinika tuberkulozy KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. J. Jedlicka.

(RADIOGRAPHY) (PHOTOGRAPHY)

KUKRALOVA, H.; JIROVA, M.

A contribution to contemporary advances in the treatment of military tuberculosis. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.32/33:1032-1039 18 Ag '61.

1. Klinika tuberkulozy v Praze, prednosta prof. MUDr. J. Jedlicka.

(TUBERCULOSIS MILIARY ther)

JIROVA-STEMPROKOVA, Dana

Some species of foraminifera stratigraphically significant for  
the Bohemian Cretaceous. Cas min geol 7 no.3:364 '62.

JIROVEC, Otto; HORACKOVA, Milada; JIROVCOVA, Marie; JIRA, Jindrich;  
SMID, Jiri; VALENTOVA, Jirina; VOSTA, Jaroslav

A study of the toxoplasmin reaction. I. Examination of some groups  
from the normal population. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 10 no. 3:  
197-205 '61.

1. Protozoologicka laborator CSAV v Praze. Detake oddeleni fakultni  
polikliniky ONZ-UNV hl. m. Prahy. Gynekologicke oddeleni OUNZ v  
Havlickove Bude. Krajska hyg.-epid. stanice v Ceskych Budejovicich.  
(TOXOPLASMOSIS immunol.)

BERKA, A.; JIROVEC, J.; ZYKA, J., prof. dr. mr. (Praha 2, Albertov 2030)

Determination of organic compounds by oxidation with permanganate.

I. Determination of some monosaccharides. Cesk. farm. 14 no.2:  
64-67 F '65.

1. Katedra analytické chemie přírodovědecké fakulty Karlovy  
University, Praha.

JIROVEC, O.

Importance of parasitology in gynecology and obstetrics. Cesk.  
gynek. 29 no.3:176-182 Ap'64

1. Protozool. ustav prirodoved. fak. KU v Praze; prednosta:  
akademik O.Jirovec.

JIROVEC O. and KUCERA K. Ulvahy o nemocnicnich vysetrovacich laboratorich  
Studies on hospital laboratories Ceskeslovenska Nemocnice, Prague (Czechoslovakia)  
1947, 15/3 (40-43)

The necessity for hospital laboratories consisting of at least three departments, with well trained departmental heads and personnel, is discussed. The three departments should be: (1) a department of microbiology; (2) a department of pathology (3) a department of biochemistry. The heads should be physicians with special training and the personnel should be trained in special schools for laboratory technicians.  
Traub-New York

So: Medical Microbiology and Hygiene, Section IV, Vol. I, #1-6

JIROVEC O. and FOKORNY B. Parasitologicke Oddeleni Prirodovededke Fakulty Karlovy University a Farasitologicka Laborator Stat. Zdravotniho ustavu v Praze. Dalsi zpravy o leptospirosach v Cechach a na Morave v letech 1944-1948 Further reports on leptospiroses in Bohemia and Moravia in 1944-1948 Prakticky Lekar, Prague 1949, 29/13 (265-268) Tables 4 Illus. 2

Out of the suspect sera which were sent to the author's laboratories 75 cases of Weil's disease, 77 cases of leptospirosis grippo-typhosa type A, and six cases of leptospirosis Sejro were diagnosed. Four patients died from Weil's disease. Men were infected two to three times more often than women, the infections being most frequent in summer (swimming in rivers). They were transmitted by *Microtus arvalis*, *Apodemus sylvaticus* and *Pitymys subterraneus*, in which rodents the causative leptospirae were detected.

Bloch - Amsterdam (XX, 4)

So: Medical Microbiology and Hygiene, Section IV, Vol 3, No 1-6

CA

116

The infusorium *Glaucoma piformis* as a test object in pharmacology and physiology. *Ono, Junzo* (Charles Univ., Praha, Czech). *Schweiz. Z. Path. u. Bakt.* 13, 129-38 (1950).—Pure cultures of the free-living infusorium were used for testing the toxicity and inhibitory and stimulatory action of various phys., chem., and chemotherapeutic agents. The technique was simpler than tissue culture. Mefen, HgCl<sub>2</sub>, AgNO<sub>3</sub>, patulin, emetin, and quinine exhibited the highest toxicity. L. M. Pruess

JIROVEC, Otto

/ The treatment of scabies in man and experimental animals by oral doses of DDT. Otto Havlek, Otto Jirovec, Jarmila Niznanska-Patekova, and Bohumir Ruzicka, *Průmyslová a lékařská chemie*, Prague. *Časopis Lékařů Českých* 89, 161-7 (1950).--In 8 patients out of 10, scabies was controlled by oral doses of 300 mg. of DDT for 4 days. Similar results were obtained in rats. No toxic symptoms were observed in any of the patients. Anthony Zaslavsky

JIROVEC, O.

*Oxyuris vermicularis* in children 6-14 years of age. Cas.lék.cesk.  
89 no.19:536-540 12 My '50. (CJML 19:3)

1. Parasitological Institute of Charles University in Prague.

CA 128

Action of some antibiotics on protozoa. U. Jirvec  
(Karl Univ., Prague, Czech.). *Schweiz. Z. allgem. Path.  
u. Bakt.* 14, 633-69(1951).--Toxicity and growth-inhibition  
tests showed that penicillin and streptomycin are the least  
toxic, patulin, tyrothricin, and emitalin are the most toxic,  
whereas chloramphenicol, tetracycline, aureomycin, and sul-  
fathiazole are intermediate between these extremes. The most  
sensitive species are the leucosagittates, followed by the less  
sensitive ciliates, and the most resistant are the large species  
which possess a thick pellicle. L. M. Priesa

POKORNY, B.; JIROVEC, O.; HAVLIK, O.

Biology of Leptospira cultures [with summary in German]. Chekh.  
biol. 1 no.1:42-56 '52. (MIRA 6:12)

1. Gosudarstvennyy veterinarnyy issledovatel'skiy institut, Praha,  
Parazitologicheskiy institut Karlova universiteta, Praha.  
(Leptospira)

JIROVNO, C.

"The New Czechoslovak Academy Of Sciences." p. 217. (Zoologické A Entomologické Listy. Vol. 1, No. 4, 1952, Praha.)

SG: Monthly List of East European Accessions Vol. 3, No. 3. /Library of Congress, March 1954, Incl.

JIROVEC, O.

Present state of human parasitic diseases in Czechoslovakia.  
p. 109-119; Russian transl. p.120-123; English transl. Bull.  
State Inst. Marine Trop. M. Gdansk 4 no.1:123-125 1952.  
(CIML 22:3)

1. Of the Institute of Parasitology of Charles University, Prague.

Jirovec, O.

HORACKOVA, M.; HRUBCKOVA, M.; JIROVEC, O.; POKORNY, M.

Survey of school children in Susice for parasites in 1950.  
Pediat. listy, Praha 7 no. 4:207-211 July-Aug 1952. (GLML 23:1)

1. Of the Institute of Social Medicine (Head--Prof. V. Prosek, M. D.) and of the Institute of Parasitology and Protozoology (Head Prof. O. Jirovec, M.D.), Charles University in Prague and of the Internal Department (Head--M. Pokorny, M.D.) of Susice Hospital.

JIROVEC, O.

Present state of human parasitic diseases in Czechoslovakia.  
Prakt. lek., Praha 32 no.9:200-206 5 May 1952. (CML 22:2)

1. Of the Institute of Parasitology of Charles University, Prague.

JIROVEC, OTTO

SOYKA, Otto, Dr.; JIROVEC, Otto, Dr.

Detection of parasite of the family Sargentella in the human blood.  
Cas.lek.cesk. 91 no.42:1202-1203 17 Oct 52.

1. III. interni klinika Stat. fakultni nemocnice a Parasitologicky  
ustav Karlovy university v Praze.

(PARASITES,  
Sargentella infect., case report)

JIROVEC, OTTO

"Protozoologie; celostatni vysokolska ucevnice. O.Jirovec (et al. 1.vyd.)  
Praha, Nakl. Ceskoslovenske akademie ved,1953. 634 p. (Protozoology; a  
university textbook. 1st ed. illus., col.plate, bibl, indexes)"

P. 634 (Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No, 7, July 1958

JIROVEC, OTTO

JIROVEC, Otto, prof. Dr; SOYKA, Otto, MUDr; ZAZVORKA, Zdenek, MUDr;  
Feldrich, Lub., MUC

Three cases of unusual parasite *Sergentella* in man. Cesk. hyg.  
epidem. mikrob. 2 no.2:111-114 Apr '53.

1. Parasitologicky ustav, III. interni klinika, Ustredni laborator  
St. nemocnice v Moste a I. pathologicko-anatomicky ustav Karlovy  
university v Praze.

(PROTOZOA,

*Sergentella spiroides* in man)

JIROVEC O.

JIROVEC, Otto, prof. Dr; SLUKA, Frantisek, MUDr; SVOBODA, Adolf, MUDr;  
VALIHRACH, Jan, MUDr; VOJTOVA, Helena, MUDr

Tularemia in Jihlava and Valtice regions in 1945-1952. I. Intra-  
cutaneous tests with tularin. Cesk, hyg. epidem, mikrob. 2 no.3:  
328-336 June '53.

1. Parasitologicky ustav Karlovy university v Praze (for Jirovec)
  2. Statni okresni nemocnice ve Valticich. (for Sluka)
  3. Krajska hig. epidem. stanice v Brne. (for Svoboda)
  4. Krajska hyg. epidem. stanice v Uherskem Hradisti. (for Valihrach)
  5. Krajska hyg. epidem. stanice v Jihlava. (for Vojtova)
- (TULAREMIA, epidemiology,  
Czech.)

JIROVEC, Ott

Heminthiases in Czechoslovakia. *Cesk. hyg. epidem. mikrob.* 2 no.5:  
385-395 Oct. 53.

1. Parasitologicky ustav Karlovy university v Praze.  
(HELMINTH INFECTIONS, epidemiology,  
Czech.)

JIROVEC, Otto, prof. Dr

Results of control of malaria in Rumania. Cesk. hyg. epidem. mikrob.  
2 no.6:460-468 Dec. 53.

1. Parasitologicky ustav Karlovy university v Praze.  
(MALARIA, prevention and control,  
Rumania)

JIROVEC, O.

JIROVEC, O.; SESNA, M.

Effect of sunlight on certain strains of Protozoa in natural conditions. Chekh. biol. 3 no.2:119-126 Apr 54.

1. Institut parazitologii biologicheskogo fakul'teta Karlova universiteta i Institut biologii ChSAN, fiziologii rasteniy, Praga.

(PROTOZOA, effect of radiations on,

\*sunlight)

(SUNLIGHT, effects,

\*on Protozoa)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec. 7 Vol. 9/9 Sept. 55

JIROVEČ O.  
1786. JIROVEČ O. Parasit. Úst., Karlovy Univ., Praha. \*Dalsi poznatky o pneumonii kojenců, způsobené parazitem Pneumocystis carinii. Further observations on neonatal pneumonia caused by Pneumocystis carinii PEDIAT. LISTY 1954, 9/4 (199-202) Tables 3  
The literature since 1951 is reviewed. Some hundred cases of Pneumocystis carinii have been reported from Central Europe, the majority in prematures, infants with intestinal disorders and also twins. It has not been possible to cultivate the agent on artificial media or to infect laboratory animals with it. An antigen has been prepared from dried and powdered lungs of children dead of the disease, for use in skin tests. More positives were found among doctors, nurses and personnel of institutes for children than among laboratory workers or others. Among children those in state hospitals showed more positives than others. An antigen prepared by acetone and alcohol extraction from lung powder gave a positive reaction with the blood from all children who had died of Pneumocystis carinii, but with the blood of only 1 of 39 children who had died of other diseases. Of 35 living children tested, only 2 (one with pertussis and one with atypical pneumonia) gave positive reactions. The conclusions are that a laboratory diagnosis must be worked out and that it is necessary to trace the source of the parasites, to examine the action of chloroquine, pamaquine and arsphenamine (sometimes effective) and to test all persons in contact with affected children. Procházka - Prague (XX, 7, 15, 17)

JIROVEC, OTTO

New data on interstitial cell Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia in infants. Wiadomosci parazyt., Warsz. 1:178-185 1955.

1. Członek korespondent Czechosl. Akademii Nauk Uniwersytetu Karlowa, Parasitologie, Praha, CSR

(PNEUMONIA, in infant and child,  
interstitial plasma cell, Pneumocystis carinii)

(PROTOZOAN INFECTIONS, in infant and child,  
Pneumocystis carinii interstitial plasma cell  
pneumonia in inf.)

JIROVEC, O.  
JIROVEC, O., prof.; VGSTA, J. PhMr

Supplying of clinical material for parasitological investigations.  
Prakt. lek., Praha 35 no.6:134-135 20 Mar 55.

1. Parasitol. ustav K.U. v Praze a KHES Ceske Budejovice, parasitol.  
labor. v Tabore.

(PARASITOLOGY

research, supply of clin. material)

JIROVEC, Otto, prof. dr; JIRA, Jindrich, MUDr RNDr

Attempted interpretation of epidemiology and pathogenesis of toxoplasmosis. Cas. lek. cesk. 94 no.9:213-223 25 Feb 55.

1. Parasitologicky ustav biologické fakulty Karlovy university a  
Protozoologicka laborator CSAV v Praze.  
(TOXOPLASMOSIS,  
epidemiol. & pathogen.)

~~JIROVEC, Otto, Akademik~~

Certain aspects of helminthology. Cesk. pediat. 11 no.7:  
457-464 July 56.

1. Parasitol. odd. Zoologickeho ustavu Karlovy University.  
(HELMINTH INFECTIONS, in infant and child,  
review (Cz))

JIROVEC, O.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.5. Vol.10/2 Gen.Pathology Feb 57

317. JIROVEC O. and VANĚK J. Protozool. Lab., Tschechoslow. Akad. d. Wissensch., Praha; Pathol. Inst., Med. Fak., Pizeň. \*Weitere Beiträge zur Morphologie von Pneumocystis carinii. (Ist Pneumocystis carinii identisch mit Hefen oder Candiden?). The morphology of Pneumocystis carinii. (Is Pneumocystis carinii identical with some yeast or Candida?) ZBL. ALLG. PATH. PATH. ANAT. 1956, 94/9-10 (499-517) Illus. 8

The theory of some investigators that Pneumocystis carinii is identical with a species of Candida and yeast is rejected on the grounds of personal observations and comparison of the morphology of these organisms. These fungous organisms are ubiquitous in man and have nothing in common with Pneumocystis. The similarity of a few fungous stages with the sporogonia of Pneumocystis, as found by some authors, is partially explained by the occurrence of latent Pneumocystis infections in experimental animals, and partially by superficial similarity of the dying or degenerating kinds of yeast or Candida in the animal lung or in vitro in cultures. Weiler's work (Zschr. Kinderheilk. 1955, 76, 366) on the provocation of latent infections in rats by the administration of large doses of cortisone explains the failure of transmission of Pneumocystis carinii in animals. The favourable therapeutic results with antimycotic drugs obtained by some authors do not prove the identity of Pneumocystis carinii with the above-named fungi either.

Vortel - Hradec Králové (V, 4\*)

RUMANIA/Zooparasitology. Parasitic Protozoa.

G

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Diol., No 17, 1958, 76925.

Author : Vanek, Joseph; Jirovec, Otto.

Inst :

Title : Parasitic Pneumonia of the Newborn Caused by  
Pneumocystis carinii.

Orig Pub: Rev. microbiol., parazitol si epidemiol, 1956, 1.,  
No 3, 3-8.

Abstract: Eighteen cases of typical pneumonia of the newborn caused by P. carinii are described, with an account of the clinical and laboratory data, as well as the anatomic-histological picture of affliction in the lungs of the children that died. The probable means of transmission of the infection and the cycle of the parasite's development are discussed.

Card : 1/1

HOSTOMSKA, L., Dr.; JIROVED, O., akademik; HORACKOVA, M., Dr.; HRUBCOVA, M.

Relation of toxoplasmosis in mother to mongolism in child. Cesk. pediat. 12 no.8:713-723 5 Aug 57.

1. II detska klinika pediatricke fakultyKU v Praze, prednosta prof. Dr. J. Houstek-Protozoologicka laborator Ceskoslovenske akademie ved v Praze, prednosta akademik O. Jirovec-Detske odeleni polikliniky v Praze, vedouci Dr Z. Kuncova-Katedra verejneho zdravotnictvi KU v Praze, prednosta Dr V. Prosek.

(TOXOPIASMOSIS,

relation of incidence in mothers to incidence of mongolism in child. (Cz))

(MONGOLISM,

incidence in child. in relation to incidence of toxoplasmosis in mothers (Cz))

Jirovec,

KUBISTOVA, V.; JIROVEC, O.

Ophthalmic significance of acquired toxoplasmosis in adults.  
Cesk. ofth. 13 no.1:57-68 Feb 57.

1. II. Oční klinika Karlovy university v Praze. Prednosta akademik  
Jaromir Kurz Protozoologicka laborator Cs. akademie ved. Ved.  
akademik Otto Jirovec.

(TOXOPLASMOSIS

eye, acquired (Cz))

(EYE DISEASES

toxoplasmosis, acquired (Cs))

JIROVEC, O. EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol.11/8 Microbiology Aug 58

1773. THE DURATION OF A POSITIVE INTRADERMAL TULARIN TEST - Wie lange bleibt der intradermale Tularin-Test positiv? - Jirovec O. Parasitol. Abt., Zool. Inst. Karls Univ., Praha - ZBL. BAKT., I. ABT. ORIG. 1957, 168/7-8 (591-593) Tables 1

In 11 subjects who had suffered from tularaemia during the period 1934-1937 the intradermal tularin test was positive. In 28 other patients subject to recent tularaemia the test was likewise positive. It was negative in 60 controls. It is believed that the test remains positive for the duration of life.

Rische - Wernigerode

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 15 Vol 13/3 Chest Dis. Mar 60

563. INTERSTITIAL PNEUMONIA IN INFANTS CAUSED BY PNEUMOCYSTIS CARINII - Über die durch Pneumocystis carinii verursachte interstitielle Pneumonie der Säuglinge - Jirovec O. Parasitol. Inst., Karlsuniv., Prag - J. HYG. EPIDEM. MICROBIOL. IMMUNOL. (Prague) 1959, 3/1 (38-50) Illus. 8

A discussion is given of the morphology of Pneumocystis carinii DeLonge, which is the cosmopolitan causative organism of interstitial plasmocytic pneumonia, classified by the author into the group, Haplosporidia. The differences in morphology and cultivation as compared to yeasts and Candida species are stressed. In animal experiments a latent infection becomes manifest after prolonged cortisone treatment. It has a fatal ending in rats. From histopathological and parasitological studies rat pneumocystosis is identical with that in man. For diagnosis the most suitable methods of staining are McManus' and Gram-Weigert's for sections and Giemsa's for smears. The CFT is difficult to evaluate on account of antigenic differences.  
Hürichs - Graz (IV, 7, 15)

JIROVEC, O.

IROVETS, O. [Jirovec, O.], prof.; PETER, R., prof.; IRA, I. [Jira, J.]; PETERU, M.;  
KHOLODKOVSKAYA, N.A. [translator]; PAVLOVSKIY, Ye.N., akademik,  
red.; ZASUKHIN, D.N., red.; ZUYEVA, N.K., tekhn.red.

[Microbiology of the vagina and trichomoniasis of the sexual  
organs] Mikrobiologiya vlagalishcha i trikhomoniaz polovykh  
organov. Pod red. E.N.Pavlovskogo. Moskva, Medgiz, 1958.

41 p.

(MIRA 12:5)

1. Chekhoslovatskaya akademiya nauk; Karlov universitet, g.Praga  
(for Irovets). 2. Zavednyushchiy 3-y akusherskoy klinikoy, g.  
Praga (for Peter).

(GENERATIVE ORGANS--DISEASES) (TRICHOMONIASIS)

KUCERA, Kamil; JIROVEC, Otto

International symposium on trichomoniasis held at Reims; March 28-30, 1957. Wiadomości parazyt., Warsz. 4 no.2:125-141 1958.

1. Z Zakładu Protozoologii CSAN i Instytutu Zoologicznego Univ. im. Karola w Pradze.

(TRICHOMONIASIS  
symposium (Pol))

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol 12/9 Med. Micro. Sept 59

2911. TOXOPLASMIN REACTIONS. I - Studie o toxoplasminové reakci. I. sdělení  
- Jirovec O. and Jíra J. Protozool. Lab., Akad. Parasitol., Odd. Zool.,  
Karlovy Univ., Praha - CAS. LÉK. ČES. 1958, 97/38 (1191-1196) Tables 2  
Toxoplasmin used in this study was prepared from the peritoneal exudate of in-  
fected mice, treated with heparin, homogenized, centrifuged and refrigerated.  
The method of determining the effective dilution of this preparation, and the tech-  
nique of the skin test, are described. A good correlation exists between CFTs  
and toxoplasmin skin tests.  
Pavlík - Brno (IV, 17)

JIROVEC, Otto

Interstitial pneumonia caused by *Pneumocystis carinii* in infants.  
J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 3 no.1:28-59 1959.

1. Parasitologisches institut der Karlsuniversitat in Prag. O. Jirovec,  
Ceskoslovenska akademie ved. laborator protozoologicka Praha 2, Vinicna 7.  
Czechoslovakia.

(PNEUMONIA, INTERSTITIAL PLASMA CELL  
review (Ger))

SERY, V.; SAUER, J.; PHAM VAN NONG.; JIROVEC, O.; JIRA, J.; SEEMAN, J.

Study of toxoplasmosis in Vietnam. J.hygiene., Praha 3 no.4:  
~~444-449~~ 1959.

1. Departments of Microbiology and Gynaecology and Maternity,  
Czechoslovak Hospital, Haiphong; Institute of Epidemiology and  
Microbiology, Prague, Protozoology Laboratory of the Czechoslovak  
Academy of Sciences, Prague.  
(TOXOPLASMOSIS epidemiol.)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol 13/6 Med. Micro. June 60

2148. THE SPECIFICITY OF THE TOXOPLASMIN TEST - Über die Spezifität des Toxoplasminrestes - Jirovec O., Bozděch V. and Jira J. Parasitol. Abt., Zool. Inst., Katheder für Mikrobiol., Hyg.-Med. Fak., Karls-Univ. und Protozool. Lab., Tschechoslovakische Akad. der Wissensch., Prag - WIAD. PARAZYT. 1959, 5/2-3 (223-228) Tables 1

Studies on the specificity of the toxoplasmin test showed that 0.25% phenol, heparin, and the ballast matter from mouse peritoneal exudate cause no unspecific reactions in the skin test (IDT). Toxoplasmins made from egg and tissue cultures gave the same results as toxoplasmins made from mice. Control tests with antigens from mouse spleen, from non-infected chorio-allantois and from non-infected tissue cultures were negative. Toxoplasmas in the antigen are killed by homogenizing, freezing and thawing, and finally by addition of 0.25% phenol. Toxoplasmin is thermostable up to 100° C. In the early stage of infection CFT becomes positive first, and IDT becomes positive after several years. CFT can become negative, whereas IDT apparently remains positive throughout the patient's life. In latent infections the titres of CFT are low and only exceptionally reach a value of 1:80. In tuberculosis, Trichomonas vaginalis infections, mycosis vaginalis, kala-azar and amoebic dysentery the number of positive IDTs is the same as in the general population. (IV, 50)

JIROVEC, Otto; PETER, Rudolf; JIRA, Jindrich; PETRU, Miroslav

On some problems of vaginal microbiology and genital trichomoniasis.  
J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 3 no.2:195-219 1959

1. Protozoologisches Laboratorium der Tschechoslowakischen Akademie  
der Wissenschaften, Parasitologische Abteilung, III. Geburtsklinik  
und Abtl. f. Kindergynakologie der Karls Universität, Prag.

(VAGINA, microbiology)  
(TRICHOMONAS INFECTIONS)

JIROVEC, O.; SEDIK, J.

50th birthday of Karel Raska MD. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 8  
no.6:353-355 N '59.  
(BIOGRAPHIES)

IROVETS, Otto, [Jirovec, Otto], akad.

Study on toxoplasmosis in Czechoslovakia. *Pedlatrifa* no.11:24-29  
'61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Iz protozoologicheskoy laboratorii Chekhoslovatskoy akademii  
nauk, Praga.

(CZECHOSLOVAKIA--TOXOPLASMOSIS)

JIROVEC, Otto; CERNA, Zofie; LUDVIK, Jiri; SEBEK, Zdenek

So-called M-organisms in the brain of rodents. Wiadomosci parazyt.,  
7 no.4/5:875-879 '61.

1. Protozoologisches Laboratorium der Tschechoslovakischen Akademie  
der Wissenschaften, Prag, Katheder fur Parasitologie und Hydro-  
biologie der Karls-Universitat, Laboratorium fur Morphologie und  
Elektronenmikroskopie der Akademie und Parasitologisches  
Laboratorium der KHES in Jihlava.

(BRAIN parasites) (RODENTS parasitosis)  
(SARCOSPORIDIOSIS)

JIROVEC, Otto; HORACKOVA, Milada; JIROVCOVA, Marie; JIRA, Jindrich;  
SMID, Jiri; VALENTOVA, Jirina; VOSTA, Jaroslav

A study of the toxoplasmin reaction. III. Examination of some groups from the normal population. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. immun. 10 no.3: 197-205 '61.

1. Protozoologicka laborator CSAV v Praze. Detske oddeleni fakultni polikliniky ONZ-UNV hl. m. Prahy. Gynekologicke oddeleni OUNZ v Havlickove Bude. Krajska hyg.-epid. stanice v Ceskych Budejovicich. (TOXOPLASMOSIS immunol.)

IROVETS, O. [Jirovec, O.]; VANEK, I. [Vanek, J.]

Pneumocystis carinii as the etiological factor in interstitial pneumonia of newborn infants. Sov. med, 25 no.10:16-23 0 '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Iz Zoologicheskogo instituta Karlova universiteta, Praga i Patologicheskogo instituta meditsinskogo fakulteta, Pl'zen'.  
(PNEUMONIA) (INFANTS (NEWBORN)---DISEASES)  
(PNEUMOCYSTIS CARINII)

PETER, Rudolf, Prof., Dr.Sc.; JIROVEC, Otto, akademik; TRNKA, Vaclav, doc.;  
ZIZKOVA, Alena

Instructions regarding a correct microbial evaluation in the 3d  
microbial vaginal picture with a reference to the interruption of  
pregnancy. Cesk. gyn. 26[40] no.4:288-289 '61.

1. III.Zenska klinika FDLKU, prednosta prof. MUDr. Rudolf Peter,  
Dr.Sc.

(ABORTION THERAPEUTIC) (VAGINA microbiol)

JIROVEC, Otto, akademik; JURA, Jindrich, C. Sc.

Observations on further development of the research on human toxo-  
plasmosis. Cesk. gynek. 26 no.9:715-718 N '61.

1. Protozoologicka laborator Cs. akademie ved, Praha.

(TOXOPLASMOSIS prev & control)

LUNDOVA, Anna; JIROVEC, Otto, akademik; JIRA, Jindrich, C.Sc.; MACHOLDA,  
Frantisek

Clinical evaluation of positive toxoplasmin tests in women with genital tuberculosis and with diseases of suspected tuberculous etiology.  
Cesk. gyn. 26[40] no.10:748-753 D '61.

1. I. gynekologicka klinika KU, prednosta prof. dr. K.Klaus Proto-  
zoologicka laborator CSAV, prednosta akademik O. Jirovec Klinika pro  
choroby plicni a tuberkulozu KU, prednosta prof. dr. J.Jedlicka, Praha.  
(TUBERCULOSIS FEMALE GENITAL diag)  
(TOXOPLASMOSIS diag)

JIROVETS, Otto [Jirovec, O.]

Toxoplasmosis and pneumocytosis as anthrozooses. Zhur.mikrobiol.,  
epid. i immun. 32 no.10:100-107 O '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Iz laboratorii protozoologii AN Chekhoslavakii.  
(TOXOPLASMOSIS) (LUNGS—DISEASES)

FUCHS, Vladimir; JIROVEC, Otto; JIRA, Jindrich; BOZDECH, Vaclav; Matematicko-statisticka spoluprace: prom. mat. V. Kubenkova

Diagnostic toxoplasmosis reactions in normal obstetric subjects.  
I. Frequency of toxoplasmin test and its relation to the age and occupation and the relationship between skin tests and complement fixation reactions. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.26:823-826 30 Je '61.

1. III. porodnicka klinika fakulty detskeho lekarstvi Karlovy university, prednosta prof. MUDr. R. Peter. Protozoologicka laborator Cs. akademie ved, prednosta akademik O. Jirovec. Serologicka laborator neurologicke kliniky St. fakultni nemocnice v Praze 2, prednosta akademik K. Henner. 2.Vyzkumny ustav organizace zdravotnictvi, Praha. (for Kubenkova).

(TOXOPLASMOSIS in pregn) (PREGNANCY compl)

SCHUHOVA, Vera; JIROVEC, Otto

The frequency of positive toxoplasmosis tests in human subjects exposed to animals. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.31:964-966 4 Ag '61.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. K. Raska. Protozologicka laborator GSAV, prednosta akademik O. Jirovec.

(TOXOPLASMOSIS epidemiol)

FUCHS, Vladimír; JIROVEC, Otto; BOZDECH, Václav; JIRA, Jindřich; Matematicko-statistická spolupráce: prom. mat. KUBENKOVA, V.

Diagnostic reaction for toxoplasmosis in a normal sampling of the population. II. Diagnostic reaction and pathological phenomena in pregnancy and labor in relation to a positive reaction. Cas. Lek. Cesk. 101 no.14:427-434 6 Ap '62.

1. III porodnická klinika fakulty dětského lékařství KU v Praze, přednosta prof. dr. R. Peter. Protozoologická laborator Cs. akademie věd, přednosta akademik O Jirovec. Serologická laborator neurologické kliniky KU v Praze 2, přednosta akademik K. Hezner. Vědecký ústav organizace zdravotnictví, Praha, přednosta prof. dr. V. Prošek.

(PREGNANCY complications) (TOXOPLASMOSIS in pregn)

FUCHS, Vladimir; JIRA, Jindrich; BOZDECH, Vaclav; JIROVEC, Otto, prof. dr.

The importance and the interpretation of diagnostic tests for  
toxoplasmosis in obstetrics. Acta parasit. Pol. II no. 5/13:  
85-104 '63

1. Parasitological Department, Faculty of Natural Sciences,  
Charles University, Prague. Head. Prof. Dr. Otto Jirovec.

JIROVEJ, Otto

Project of standardization of microscopic methods in the description of new species of parasitic Protozoa. Wlad. parazyt. 11 no.1:223-226 '65.

1. Uniwersytet Karola, Parazytologia, Praha.

L 32833-66

ACC NR: AP6024114

(A)

SOURCE CODE: GE/0037/65/000/004/0202/0210

AUTHOR: Jirovec, Otto (Doctor; Professor; Prague)

22

B

ORG: Institute of Zoology, Faculty of Natural Sciences, Charles University, Prague (Zoologicky ustav, prirod. faculty, University Karlovy)

TITLE: Recent investigations of *Trichomonas vaginalis* and vaginal trichomoniasis  
[This paper was presented at the First International Congress on Parasitology held in Rome from 21 to 26 September 1964.]

SOURCE: *Angewandte Parasitologie*, no. 4, 1965, 202-210

TOPIC TAGS: experiment animal, clinical medicine, genitourinary system disease, infective disease, animal parasite, disease incidence, drug treatment

ABSTRACT: The article is a review of new information on the morphology, ultrastructure, species relations, culture and inoculation into laboratory animals of *Trichomonas vaginalis*. In the clinical study of trichomoniasis in men and women, the dynamic course of the infection is stressed. The occurrence of *Trichomonas vaginalis* in newborn babies and children, and also in virgins, is thoroughly discussed. Trichomonids also play a part in sterility. The therapy of trichomoniasis in man is based at the present time on the peroral administration of Metranidazol (Flagyl). Trichomoniasis in man is mostly caused by sexual contact and is widespread. It is estimated that about 10 per cent of the population is infected. [Based on author's Eng. abst.]

JPRS

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 15Jan65 / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 044  
Card 1/1 UDC: 576.893, 161.21, 616.931.612.1

09/15

16 86

EAST GERMANY/CZECHOSLOVAKIA

UDC: 576.893.193 616.993.193

JIROVEC, Otto, Professor, Dr., of the Department for Parasitology at the Institute for Zoology, Charles University [original-language version not given] in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

"Toxoplasmin Tests on Employees of a Poultry-Canning Factory"

Jena, Angewandte Parasitologie, Vol 7, No 3, Sep 1966, pp 191-195.

Abstract: Incidences of ornithosis were encountered in a poultry-canning factory near Turnov, Czechoslovakia. A total of 243 employees, involved mainly in the processing of geese and duck, were examined. About 54% showed a positive toxoplasmin test; the incidence of the positive test was lower in the older group than in the younger. All were inoculated with a 0.1 cu. cm. dose of the standard Toxoplasmosis vaccine developed in the author's institute. Re-examination showed that the employees now have normal incidence of ornithosis test diagnosis. It was furthermore noted that ornithosis does not cause a non-specific allergy with toxoplasmin. 5 references, including 4 German and 1 Czechoslovak. (Manuscript received 1 Feb 1966).

1/1

- 33 -

STROVVE  
POLAND/Optics - Photography

K-13

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 8, 1958, No 19464

Author : Jirovyc Janusz

Inst : Not given

Title : News in the Field of Construction of Photographic Apparatus.

Orig Pub : Fotografia, 1957, No 9, 204-205

Abstract : Survey article. Description of constructions of miniature photographic cameras, principally those produced in Germany in recent years.

Card : 1/1

52

JIROVSKY, Vaclav, dr.

Meteorological documentation in aeronautics. Letecky obzor 6 no. 6:174-175 Je 62.

Z/040/62/000/012/001/003  
D005/D102

AUTHOR: Jírovský, Václav, Doctor

TITLE: Turbulence in aviation

PERIODICAL: Letecký obzor, <sup>al. 6</sup>no. 12, 1962, 380-383

TEXT: The article deals briefly with the mechanics and effects of turbulence. The main purpose of the article is to provide information on a statistical study of ICAO concerning the occurrence of turbulence on air routes. Main findings of this study are presented in tabular form. It is, however, stressed that these data must be used with caution since the observations, on which they are based, are incomplete and, to a considerable extent, subjective. In conclusion, the author strongly supports the ICAO proposal aimed at introduction of a uniform, objective means of turbulence-intensity determination based on changes of accelerometer readings due to turbulence. There are 4 tables.

Card 1/1

JIROVSKY, V.

Czechoslovak aeronautical weather service. Meteor zpravy  
16 no.2:25-26 Ap '63.

1. Hydrometeorologický ústav.

JIROVSKY, Vaclav, dr.

Turbulence in a cloudless atmosphere. Letecky obzor 7  
no.11:339-340 N'63.

JIRSA, Evzen; MATYSKOVA, Carmen; VLACH, Jiri

Approximation of a graphically given function by an automatic computer. Aplikace mat. 8 no.4:302-313 '63.

1. Vyzkumny ustav pro sdlovaci techniku A.S.Popova, Praha 4-Branik, Novogrodska ul.

JIRBA, F.

"Economic Documentation for Capital Construction in the Power Industry." p. 23, Praha, Vol. 4, no. 1, Jan. 1954.

SO: East European Accessions List, Vol. 3, No. 9, September 1954, Lib. of Congress

JIRSA, F.

"Organization of operations of assembly and investment in the power industry."  
Energetika, Praha, Vol. 4, No. 7, July 1954, p. 320.

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol. 3, No. 11, Nov. 1954, L.C.

1ST AND 2ND ORDERS      PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

JIRSA F.

2198. COMPARING MOTOR TESTS BENZINE-BENZENE AND BENZINE-ETHYLACETATE MIXTURES. Jirsa, F., Kozmar, J. and Mizek, J. (Faliva a Voda, Oct. 1948, vol. 23, 274-276).

Results of practical tests with motor-spirit benzene and motor-spirit ethylacetate mixtures are given. (L).

MATERIALS INDEX      CHEMICAL ELEMENTS

ASSOCIATE METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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CA JIRSA, F.

22

Comparative tests of gasoline-benzene and gasoline-ethyl acetate mixtures as motor fuels. Erant, Jirsa, Jos. Kofnar, and Jos. Mikek. *Falica a vada*, 28, 273-3 (1948).—Mixts. contg. 85% of gasoline gave satisfactory results in static and road tests. H. A.

CA JIRSA, F.

f

Silver oxides. I. Preparation of silver peroxide.  
Ag<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. F. Jirsa (Benzina Factories, Roudnice nad  
Labem, Bohemia). *Collection Czechoslov. Chem. Com-  
muns.* 14, 445-50 (1949) (in English).—A mixt. of Ag<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>  
and Ag<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> is formed when concd. solns. of AgNO<sub>3</sub> and  
(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub> are mixed. Addn. of strongly alk. K<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>  
soln to a boiling soln. of AgNO<sub>3</sub> yields a ppt., which after  
washing with boiling H<sub>2</sub>O is Ag<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> of good purity. The  
prepn. is superior to that obtained from AgNO<sub>3</sub>. II.  
Specific heat of silver oxide and silver peroxide. *Ibid.*  
451-3.—As detd. in a water calorimeter from 21 to 99°,  
the specific heat of Ag<sub>2</sub>O is 0.08931 ± 0.001; that of  
Ag<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 0.0889 ± 0.0005. K. G. Stone

JIRSA, J., inz.

Determination of the drying performance of steam pipe rotary kilns in drying lignite with grains over 6 mm. Paliva 44 no.2:48-52 F'64.

1. Plynoprojekt.

JIRSA, J., inz.

Remarks on the R. Riedl's article "Continuous operation in the  
Uzin Pressure Gas Factory". Paliva 44 no.9:293 S '64.

1. Plynoprojekt, Prague.

JIRSA, J., ins.

Use of steam pipe rotary dryers for drying coal used for  
gasification in pressure generators. Paliva 49 no.3:81-84 Mr  
'65.

1. Plynoprojekt, Prague.

HLAVKA, V., MUDr.; JIRSA, J., MUDr.

Glaucoma screening in 3 health districts of the regional Institute of National Health in Kolin. Cesk. zdrav. 13 no.3:122-126 Mr '65

1. Namestek reditel pro lecebne preventivni poci Obvodniho ustavu narodniho zdravi v Koline (for Hlavka). 2. Vedouci ocnih oddeleni Obvodniho ustavu narodniho zdravi v Koline.(for Jirsa).

JIRSA, M., SLANINA, J., DUBEN, L.

"Ascertaining Foreign Bodies by Supersonic Waves." p. 1411 (ČASOPIS LEKARU ČESKÝCH,  
Vol. 92, No. 52, Dec. 1953) Praha, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Library of Congress, Vol. 3, No. 4,  
April 1954. Unclassified.

JIRSA, M.

The Bredtka reaction and the photochemical effect of cy-  
tine with trivalent cobalt. M. Jirsa and V. Kalcus

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619630002-4



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619630002-4"

JIRSA, M.; HOENIG, V.

Binding of bromsulphalein to albumin and its importance for  
determining the concentration of serum albumin. Cas.lek.cesk.  
103 no.10:267-269 6 Mr.64

1. Laborator pro patofyziologii krvetvorby a jater I.interni  
klinice fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v Praze; vedouci:  
prof.dr. V.Hoening, DrSc.

†

JIRSA, M.; RASKA, B.; JIRSOVA, V.

Determination of  $\gamma$ -globulin. Cas. lek. cesk. 90 no.10:315-317 9 Mar  
1951. (CLML 20:7)

1. Of the Laboratory of Masaryk Sanatorium for Children and of the  
Central Laboratory of the State District Hospital in Prague.

JIRSA, M.;SLANINA, J.;DUBEN, I.

Localization of foreign bodies with ultrasonics. Cas. lek. cesk.  
92 no.52:1411-1412 18 Dec 1953. (CJML 25:5)

1. Of the First Internal Clinic (Head--Prof. M. Netousek, M.D.)  
of Charles University, Prague and of the Roentgen Department (Head  
--J. Slanina, M.D.) of Prague-Bulovka District Hospital and of the  
Research Institute of Heavy Industry, Prague.

BIELICKY, Tibor, MUDr; JIRSA, Milan, MUDr

Anaphylactic reaction with Quincke's edema and urticaria following intravenous drip infusion of ACTH. Cesk.derm. 29 no.3:205-210 Je '54.

1. Z II. dermatologicke kliniky KU v Prase, prednosta prof. MUDr K. Hubschmann. 2. Z I. interni kliniky KU v Prase, prednosta prof. MUDr M. Netousek.

(ACTH, injurious effects,

\*anaphylactic reaction with Quincke's edema & urticaria)

(ANGIONEUROTIC EDEMA, etiology and pathogenesis,

\*ACTH, intravenous drip infusion, with anaphylactic reaction & urticaria)

(URTICARIA, etiology and pathogenesis,

\*ACTH, intravenous drip infusion, with angioneurotic edema & anaphylaxis)

(ALLERGY,

\*to ACTH, anaphylactic reaction after intravenous drip infusion, with angioneurotic edema & urticaria)

JIRSA, M.

"Clinical Diagnosis of a Dissecting Aneurysm of the Aorta." p. 47.  
(Casopis Lekarů Ceskych. Vol. 93, no. 2, Jan. 1954. Praha).

SO: Monthly List of East European Vol. 3, No. 6 Library of Congress, June 1954<sup>4</sup>, Uncl.

A. Polarographic catalytic effect of cardinalis in cobalt(III) solutions. M. Jirsa and V. Kalous (Karlova Univ., Prague, Czechoslovakia). Chim. Ind. (Milan) 43, 776-7 (1961). The conditions are described under which the catalytic max. of cystine (I) and cysteine (II) in Co(III) soln. is observed. The max. appears at concns. of 1 hundred times greater than in the Co(I) soln. The II shows a similar max. the height of which increases with time. The I effect is compared with a protein double wave. E. Hrdka.

JIRSA, M., MUDr.; KALOUS, V., RNDr.

Brdlicka's reaction and polarographic effect of cystine in trivalent cobalt. Cas. lek. cesk. 93 no.7:184-185 12 Feb 54.

1. Z I. int. kliniky lek. fak. UBK. v Praze, pred. prof. Dr. M. Netousek, z ustavu fyzikalni chemie U.K. v Praze, pred. prof. Dr. R. Brdlicka.

(CYSTINE, determination,  
polarography, reaction with trivalent cobalt.)

(POLAROGRAPHY,  
of cystine, reaction with trivalent cobalt.)

(COBALT,  
reaction of cystine with trivalent cobalt in  
polarography.)

JRSA, M,

CZECH

Chromoxycretory function of liver. II. Clearance of Bromsulphalein and Rose Bengal. V. Hoenig, O. Schöck and M. Jirsa (with the technical assistance of J. Holec, 1954) (I. Klin. chorob. vnitřních, Prague). *Cesopis lékařů českých* 93, 697-704 (1954).—The rate const. of disappearance of a substance from plasma ( $K = -\Delta \log P / \Delta t$ ;  $t = 1$  hr;  $P =$  plasma level) is directly proportional to its clearance  $C$  and indirectly to its true distribution vol.  $DV$ , but not to its virtual distribution vol., arrived at by extrapolation of  $P$  to zero time. The method of calc. true  $DV$  is indicated. Rose Bengal (I) and Bromsulphalein (II) were administered to 23 patients. Whereas  $DV$  of I was approx. equal to the plasma vol. ( $DV$  of Evans blue),  $DV$  of II was equal to 1.81 times the plasma vol., on an av. Occasional abnormally high clearance values for II are interpreted as an indication that the total clearance of II in the body is being measured instead of the hepatic clearance. II cannot be substituted for I for the purposes of hepatic clearance tests. The saturation phenomenon, i.e., gradual flattening of the  $\log P$  vs.  $t$  curve, gives an indication of impaired chromoxycretion. The influence of increase of dosage on the rate constant  $K$  and the virtual distribution vol. is investigated and explained. Liver-clearance function. III. Maximum clearing capacity of liver. O. Schöck and V. Hoenig (I. Klin. chorob. vnitřních, Prague). *Ibid.* 7: 1-7. —The theoretical basis of the infusion methods for the estm. of max. clearing capacity of liver is explained. A new modification is presented, based on the estm. of the slope of the concn. rise above the satn. concn. and of the slope of the concn. fall after cessation of infusion. Results of using Bromsulphalein in several subjects are tabulated. The method is claimed to be more simple than previous modifications. Ivo M. Hájek...

JIRSA MILAN

### CZECH

The problem of the so-called direct and indirect bilirubin. Milan Jirsa (I. interní klinika, Prague). *Ceskoslovenská lékařská 93*, 1390-2(1954).—Na bilirubinate in a 0.1N NaOH soln. reacts positively when the diazo reagent is added otherwise to prevent excessive acidification. When the acid diazo reagent is added at once, free bilirubin (I) remains in colloidal soln. without coupling taking place. Pos. reaction can be obtained even in an acid medium on adding EtOH or caffeine Na benzoate. Stabilization of the acid colloid soln. of I by means of saponin or serum albumin does not change this "indirect" behavior. I has also been extracted with  $CHCl_3$  from an indirect-reacting serum; it reacted in the same way as free I, i.e., direct reaction in an alk. medium, indirect in an acid medium. I. M. Hahn

~~Milano~~  
Milano, Milan

✓ The preparation of standard curves with colloidal bilirubin: Milan Ilro and Věra Ilrova (1. Let. Chem. Průmysl, Casopis, *Český Časopis* 94, 1034-9(1955). The use of bilirubin (I) standards dissolved in  $CHCl_3$  solution is considered unsatisfactory owing to rapid oxidation (especially in the presence of light), possible catalytic activity of oxidation products, and frequent pptn. of I. Colloidal dispersions of I, stabilized with saponin (II) behave in the same way as indirect I in the diazo reaction and have been found stable for several days irrespective of illumination. Five mg. I is placed in a 50-ml. calibrated flask, 4-4.5 ml. 0.1N NaOH and 100 mg. II are added. The reddish brown soln. is immediately treated with 0.3 ml. AcOH and the yellow colloidal soln. is then made to 50 ml. with 0.1N NaOH. This soln. (pH 8) is dild. with an equal vol. of NaOAc buffer (50 ml. 0.1N NaOH + 0.3 ml. AcOH, pH 5) to 5 mg. % I; 1-4 mg. % concns. are obtained by further dild. with the same buffer. Known methods of I detn. can be used. Linear calibration curves remain unchanged even after 40 days in the refrigerator; only 4% decrease was noted after 4 days in sunlight at room temp. J. L. H.

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BRAUN, A., dr., Path. cast zpracoval.

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(OSTEOARTHROPATHY, HYPERTROPHIC PULMONARY, complications,  
Uehlinger's pachydermia (Cz))  
(SKIN DISEASES, complications,  
Uehlinger's pachydermia in hypertrophic pulm.  
osteoarthropathy (Cz))